

NFSTAC PRESENTS

Families Supporting Youth And Young Adults in The Justice System

Michael Umpierre

Director

Center for Juvenile Justice Reform McCourt School of Public Policy Georgetown University

michael.umpierre@georgetown.edu

Jeannette Bocanegra-Simon

Executive Director

Justice for Families

jeannette@justice4families.org

April 20, 2022 1 – 2 pm EDT

Disclaimer



The National Family Support Technical Assistance Center of Excellence (COE) Grant #1H79F6000160-Fam-CoE is supported by SAMHSA of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as part of a financial assistance award with 100% funding by SAMHSA/HHS.

The contents herein are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views, nor are an endorsement of, SAMHSA/HHS or the U.S. government. The National Federation of Families and the National Family Support Technical Assistance Center do not endorse any product presented.



Family Engagement, Empowerment and Partnership



A core value and guiding principle that should permeate juvenile justice policy, practice and approaches

Why?

- Families have extraordinary strengths and are the true experts on their children
- Creates healthier environments for youth and families to thrive
- Outcomes are better for youth, families, staff and communities





A Work in Progress

While many justice systems have worked to deepen their family engagement and empowerment approaches, several problematic practices remain, such as:

- Continued reliance on incarceration which separates youth from their families, schools, and communities
- System actors' beliefs that families are the problem, rather than the solution
- Exclusion of families in key decision-making re: case planning and services
- Failure to meet the basic needs of youth and families holistically





An Essential Goal, But a Challenging One to Meet

Common barriers faced by families:

- Lack of resources
- Distance
- Mental health, substance use, & trauma (exacerbated by the pandemic)
- System distrust based on prior experiences







Assessing Your Juvenile Justice System

What should I ask juvenile justice system leaders in my jurisdiction to gauge how they are approaching family engagement, empowerment, and partnership?







Framework for Family Engagement, Empowerment and Partnership

- I. Broadly define and identify families
- II. Encourage youth-family connections
- III. Engage families in services/treatment
- IV. Empower families to improve systems

* Framework developed by CJJR and used in its Youth in Custody Practice Model Initiative, inspired by the work of the Vera Institute and Justice for Families



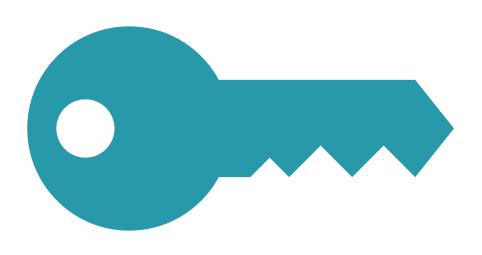


I. Defining and Identifying Family



Key elements:

- Broad definition of "family"
- Youth and family-driven process to determine who is "family"
- Initial and on-going assessment of strength and diversity of the youth's support system





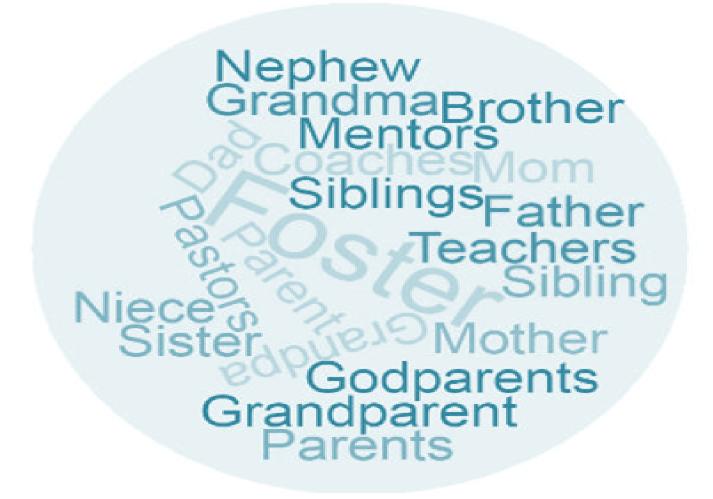


Defining Family

Move beyond the traditional definition of "family" to capture those who will support the youth

- Parents/guardians
- Blood relatives/ extended family
- Foster and adoptive parents
- Kinship caregivers
- Godparents
- Mentors

- Teachers
- Clergy members
- Family friends
 - Other supporters







Sample Definitions Used in Policy

"A family can include people who are united through biology, marriage, or adoption or who are so closely connected through friendships or shared experience that they are taken to be family members. Conceived in this manner, 'family' might include biological and adoptive parents, legal guardians, foster parents, kinship caregivers, grandparents, godparents, mentors, teachers, clergy, family friends, and others who support the youth and contribute to the success of the youth's rehabilitation process." – San Diego County Probation Department

"Family members [e.g., individuals who may include but are not limited to a youth's biological, adoptive or stepparents, legal guardians, grandparents, biological or step siblings, children of the committed or detained youth] and **other supportive individuals for the youth including friends, mentors, coaches, and teachers** as approved by Administrative Team in consultation with caseworkers." – *Massachusetts Department of Youth Services*





Identifying Families: A Youth-Driven Process



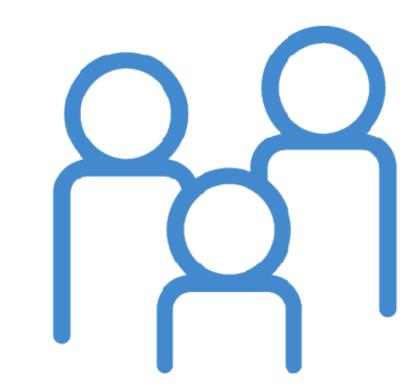
Systems must work closely with youth to identify their support networks.

Key opportunities include:

- Orientation
- Case planning
- Transition/reentry

Tools to support the process:

- Vera's Juvenile Relational Inquiry Tool
- Family Finding
- Genograms







II. Encouraging Youth-Family Connections While in Placement



Juvenile justice approaches must recognize the <u>harms of incarceration</u> and work to <u>keep youth in their communities</u>

- meet the needs of youth and families
- repair harm to the community
- promote positive youth development via skill-building and pro-social relationships and opportunities

To the extent that youth are placed in detention and commitment facilities, systems must strive to keep youth connected to their families





Impact of Family: One Example



Vera Study on Family Visitation

• n = 290 youth from 4 Ohio DYS facilities (2011-12)

Question: Does family visitation impact or correlate with youth behavior and/or academic performance?

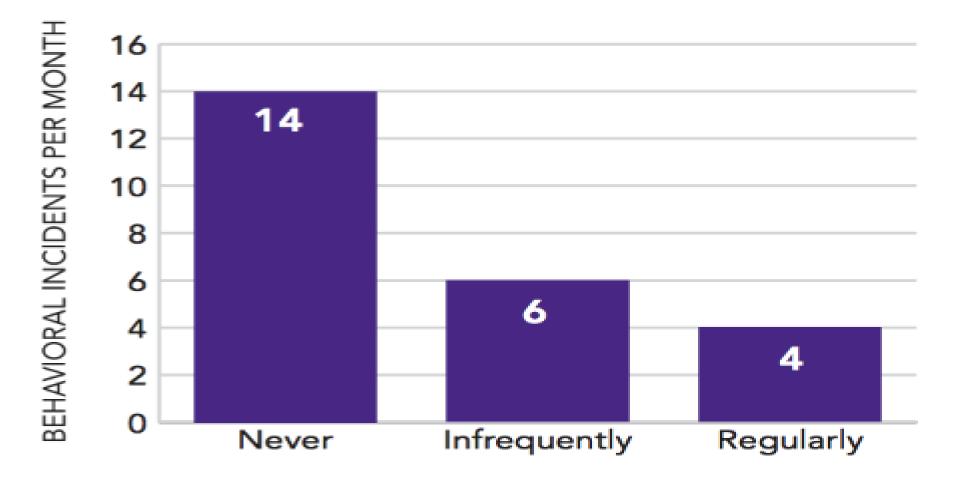
See: Villalobos Agudelo, S. (2013). The Impact of Family Visitation on Incarcerated Youth's Behavior and School Performance. Issue Brief. New York: Vera Institute of Justice.





Power of Family Visitation

CORRELATION WITH YOUTH BEHAVIOR



CORRELATION WITH SCHOOL PERFORMANCE

Youth Visited Regularly Had

GPAs

Points Higher Than Those Visited Infrequently or Never Visited

VISITATION FREQUENCY

See: Villalobos Agudelo, S. (2013). The Impact of Family Visitation on Incarcerated Youth's Behavior and School Performance. Issue Brief. New York: Vera Institute of Justice.





Family Impact Seen Nationally



Research Brief: Increased Family Visitation Leads to Fewer Incidents and Less Staff Fear (Mikytuck & Woolard, April 2020)

Examined data from 62 youth correctional facilities from 2011 – 2016

Findings:

15

- Family visitation significantly associated with behavioral incidents
 - One unit increase in family visits associated with a 2 % decrease in incidents
- Incidents significantly associated with staff feelings of safety



What Should Facilities Do?

In-person visits

- Flexible hours
- Transportation
- Welcoming visitation area

Virtual visits

Zoom/Skype/FaceTime/Teams/Other

Inviting family to facility events

Access to phone/mail

Denial of family contact should never be imposed as disciplinary action





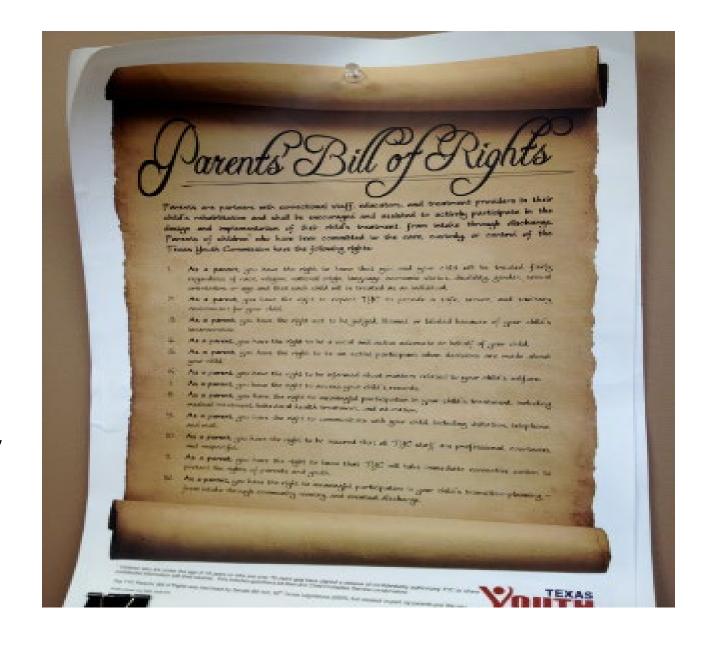
III. Engaging Families in Services/Treatment

Starts with clearly delineating commitment to family engagement

Agency vision, mission, & values

Staff must model those values

Reinforced by training, supervision, quality assurance

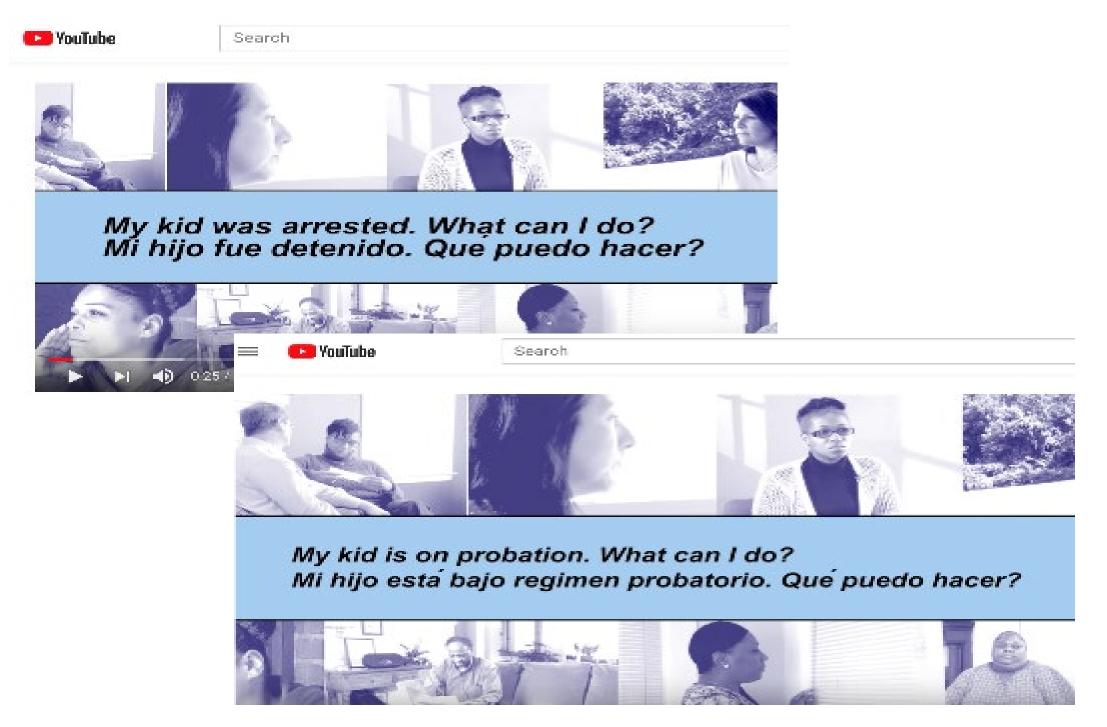


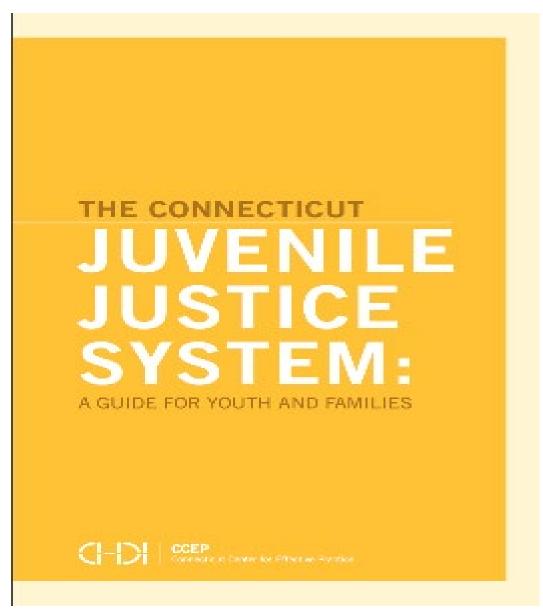
Texas Juvenile Justice Department Parents' Bill of Rights

http://www.tjjd.texas.gov/index.php/familyengagement#parent-s-bill-of-rights-in-english



Orientation Processes and Materials for Families





https://cca-ct.org/CTJuvJusSystGuide.pdf





Meaningful Opportunities to Participate in Case Planning, Services and Treatment

Family Team Meetings

- Family members have a meaningful seat at the decision-making table
- Importance of well-facilitated, strength-based approaches
- Development of plans that youth and families "own"







Direct Services to Families

Holistic approach to service delivery — the success of the child is linked to the success of the family

- Systems should provide <u>direct supports and services for families</u> (e.g., assistance with housing, parenting skills, therapy, mental health/substance use services)
- Credible messengers and mentors can serve as additional advocates and life coaches who help families get connected to essential services
- Family navigators can help families navigate complicated legal systems and requirements





IV. Empowering Families to Improve Services

Vital to get family insight. Strategies:

- Family surveys/questionnaires
- Family liaisons
- Avenues for families to raise concerns (e.g., grievance process)
- Family councils







Spotlight on Massachusetts DYS

The Massachusetts Family Advisory Council (FAC) brings families of current and former DYS-involved youth together to provide guidance on how to improve family engagement and the family experience throughout the DYS continuum.

 The FAC's goal is to deepen genuine engagement, communication, and trust between DYS and families

22

The FAC has informed the development of DYS policy on residential visitation, classification of youth committed to the agency, etc.



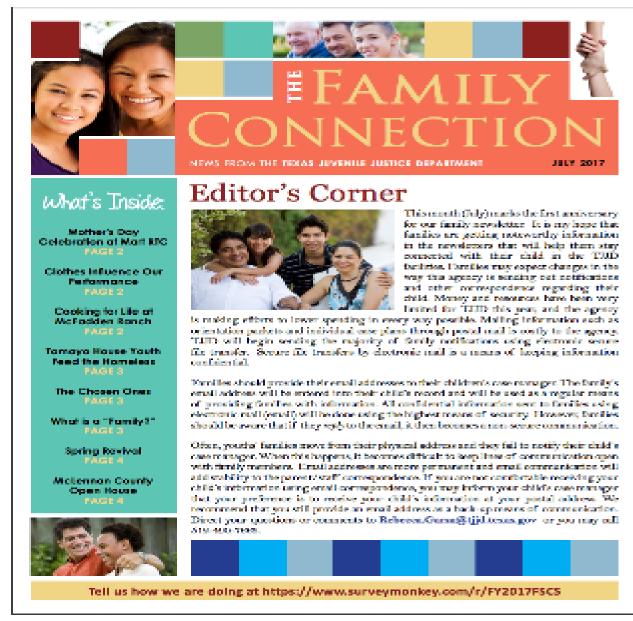


NATIONAL FEDERATION OF FAMILIES

Bringing Lived Experience to Family Support

Communicating with Families

While gathering family insight is important, equally vital is following up with families to let them know how the agency/system is taking action to improve



Texas Juvenile Justice Department's Newsletter: The Family Connection

http://www.tjjd.texas.gov/index.php/doc-library/category/298-family-connection-newsletter



A Relentless Pursuit

"Family engagement begins with a fundamental belief that all families care for their children, have strengths that can be built upon, and can be engaged and empowered.

Family engagement is not about one single policy or practice or program, rather it <u>lives in the culture of an organization</u> and its evidence is seen in <u>how families are treated and partnered with at a systemic level</u>."

- Justice For Families





Questions





www.nfstac.org

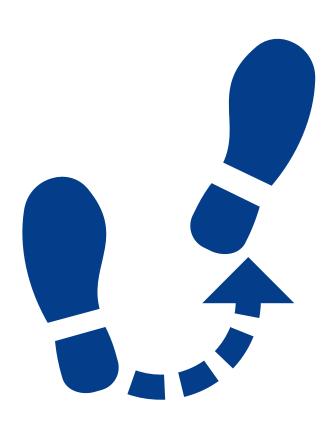




In our follow up email, within 3-5 business days, look for:

- A link to the recording of today's presentation
- Today's presentation slides
- Invitations to upcoming events
- Additional resources
- Ways to stay connected with us
- A letter of participation emailed to you

www.nfstac.org







Upcoming Event Announcement

Important Strategies for Family/Caregivers and the Family Peer Support Workforce Working with Families of LGBTQ+ Children

Join us for a panel discussion with three parents of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, or questioning (LGBTQ+) children who will discuss their own journeys and share their expertise with the audience. Attendees will hear important information that will build understanding about what a family may be experiencing after their child discloses that they are LGBTQ+. Panelists will also discuss the importance of support from others with lived experience, including strategies that Family Peer Supports should consider when working with families of LGBTQ+ children and youth.

Wednesday, May 18th from 1:30 – 2:20 p.m. ET – Register here!





Feedback Survey



Thank you for joining us!

Please complete the SAMHSA-required Feedback Survey you will be directed to when the webinar ends.



Contact Information

Lynda Gargan, Principal Investigator, NFSTAC

lgargan@ffcmh.org | www.nfstac.org

Gail Cormier, Project Director, NFSTAC

info@nfstac.org www.nfstac.org

Lachelle Wade-Freeman, Project Manager, NFSTAC

lwfreeman@ffcmh.org | www.nfstac.org

Thank you for joining us!



